

C. A. BROWN
North Va.
General Merchandise

B. C. & A. RAILWAY CO.

Clankatank River Line

In effect Saturday, April 29th 1911.
Steamer leaves Pier 9, Light Street, Baltimore, every Sunday and Wednesday, whether permitting, for Freeport and intermediate landings, as follows:
Leave Baltimore 5.00 p. m., Milla 2.30 a. m., Tipton & Blackwells 3.30, Fleeton 4.10, Keedwell 4.30, Hardings 6.15, Grace Pt. 7.10, Byrdton 7.20, Kilmarnock 7.30, Crane 8.45, Jackson's Creek 11. Cricket Hill 11.30, Callis 11.45, Fitch 12.30 p. m., Warehouse 1.45, Stampers 2. Green Point 3.15, Stampers 3. Blands 3, arrive Freeport 4.30.
Returning, Steamer leaves Freeport for Baltimore and intermediate landings every Tuesday and Friday, whether permitting, as follows:
Leave Freeport 7 a. m., Blands 7.10, Stampers 7.30, Green Point 7.45, Crane 8.30, Warehouse 8.30, Fitch 10. Callis 10.30, Cricket Hill 10.45, Jackson's Creek 11.30, Kilmarnock 11.45, Hardings 12.40, Grace Point 1.50, Byrdton 2. Hardings 3. Harveys 3.15, Fleeton 4.10, Tims 4.45, Keedwell 5. Milla 5. Blackwells 5.45, Tipton 6. arrive Baltimore next morning.
This time-table shows the times at which steamers may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several wharves, but their arrival or departure is not guaranteed.
Does the Company hold itself responsible for any delay or any consequences arising therefrom.
Freight received at Baltimore for points on sailing days until 4.30 p. m.
WILLARD THOMPSON, Gen. Mgr.
R. BEAVER, Agent, Balto.
MURDOCK, Gen. Freight Agent

Mathews County FISH

Clam and Oystermen
Ship to
J. Edwip Treakle
10 Fulton Fish Market
New York City

I will GUARANTEE top market prices on all kinds of fish and especially, and will make returns prompt on sale of goods. Mathews fishermen will do well to ship to me. I shall try to be just to all. References, any shipper or wholesaler dealer in the business. Market and Fulton National Bank, New York, or Peoples Trust Co., Brooklyn.

Right in your busiest season when you have the time to spare you are most likely to take diarrhoea and several days' time, unless you have Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand and take a dose on the first appearance of the disease. For sale by all dealers.

University of VIRGINIA

Head of Public School System
of Virginia
DEPARTMENTS REPRESENTED
College, Graduate, Law, Medicine, Engineering
LOAN FUNDS AVAILABLE
for deserving students. \$10.00 over all costs to Virginia students of the Academic Departments, and for catalogue.
HOWARD WINSTON, Registrar,
University, Va.

Old Soldier Tortured

"For years I suffered unspeakable torture from indigestion, constipation and liver trouble," wrote A. K. Smith, a veteran at Elk, Pa., "but Dr. King's New Life Pills fixed me all right. They're simply great." Try them for any stomach, liver or kidney trouble. Or 25c at all druggists.

Virginia Polytechnic Institute

BLACKSBURG, VA.
Degree courses in Agriculture, Horticulture, Applied Chemistry, Applied Biology, Civil, Mining, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Metallurgy and Metallography. Sixty-four instructors. Thoroughly Equipped Shops, Laboratories and Barns. Steam heating and electric lights in dormitories. Library, 12,000 volumes. Farm, 1,100 acres.
SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURAL APPRENTICES
(one year course for young farmers.)
Total cost of tuition of nine months, including tuition and other fees, board, washing, medical attendance \$283.85. Cost to Virginia students, \$33.85. The next session opens September 20th, 1911.
Paul B. Haringer, M.D., L.L.J., President.
Write for catalogue.

Candidate Cards

Blakes, Va. March 6, 1911.
To the voters of Mathews and Middlesex.
I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic Nomination for the House of Delegates of Virginia, subject to your approval in the primary to be held on September 7th, 1911.
Your support is earnestly solicited and will be duly appreciated.
Yours respectfully,
J. T. Christian.

Dixie April, 27th, 1911.

To the voters of Mathews and Middlesex:

I desire to represent you in the next House of Delegates of Virginia and I take this opportunity to announce my candidacy, subject to your approval in the Democratic primary to be held on September 7th, 1911. As I never asked anything from my people before I feel justified in requesting this favor at your hands.

I think it right and proper that you should know where I stand politically. I have always been an old fashioned Jeffersonian Democrat that is, I believe that the people should rule and that every man who holds office should be elected by a majority of the people, from the highest office in the nation to the lowest in any city, town or county. No servant should be given power to appoint whom he chooses to fill high positions regardless of the approval of the citizens. The time has passed for giving servants so much power as so many have abused it in late years to the loss of the people. Therefore I am one of the Reform Democrats of the "Bryan School" and believe in every reform which matches Champion of the people's cause has been advocating for the last sixteen years, and if the people will accept me as their representative in the position I now seek I will vote and work to have incorporated into law all of the reforms that my people want.

I believe in the Initiative, Referendum and Recall, therefore, fellow citizens, if you elect me as your representative in the next House of Delegates I will work with your approval, or rather, we will work together to save our state from the corruption which so often mars our legislation.

I have voted for Hon. W. A. Jones every time he has been before the people and he will have my support this fall because I believe him more in accord with the reform movement than Mr. Martin.

I enter this campaign with economy as my watchword and reform my battle cry. Should I be elected you shall have my best service and I will do the best I can to make this old Commonwealth which is the mother of states and of statesmen, take the foremost place in this Nation.

Respectfully,
Walter Somers

To the Voters of Mathews and Middlesex:

I have decided to become a candidate for the House of Delegates from the counties of Mathews and Middlesex. If successful, I shall try to be faithful to the duties the position imposes. I believe that I am in sympathy with the people and would advocate those measures only, which appeal to me as promoting the good of the people at large. I am, of course, a Democrat.

Julius Healy.

To the people of Mathews and Middlesex:

After taking counsel with many friends whose opinion I value, I have determined to offer myself as representative for the Counties of Mathews and Middlesex in the next General Assembly, submitting my claims to the Democratic primary. I shall make appointments to speak upon public question at all the voting precincts in both Counties, and request the voters to refrain from pledging their support until after I have had an opportunity to address them.

Percival Hicks.

To the Democratic voters of the 39th Senatorial District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Senate of Virginia, subject to the Democratic Primary to be held on the 7th day of September, 1911, from the District composed of Essex, King and Queen, Middlesex, Mathews and Gloucester.

I deeply appreciate your former support, and I nominated and re-elected, I will endeavor to serve the people to the best of my ability.

Respectfully,
Jno. R. Saunders

Spasms require careful treatment. Keep quiet and apply Chamberlain's Liniment freely. It will remove the soreness and quickly restore the parts to a healthy condition. For sale by all dealers.

The Journal.

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.
\$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

W. M. MINTER
EDITOR AND OWNER
PAUL TITLOW, OFFICE MANAGER

Obituaries making more than half column will be charged regular space rates.
Advertisement, Job and news copy prepared on request.
Forms close Wednesday 10 a. m.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1911

There is no need to call names, or to hurl epithets, and equally it is unwise and futile to deny the plain facts of 1891 and 1893—that Thomas S. Martin was a railroad man, and as such was chosen and elected by the railroads to represent them.

We have analyzed the evidence above we trust, with no animus against Senator Martin and certainly with no disposition to favor Mr. Jones.—News Leader.

Just now when every one is watching with eager eyes each development of the senatorial campaign, the above extract furnishes food for thought. Opinion is divided as to whether or not Mr. Jones has substantiated the charges made against Mr. Martin at Lynchburg, viz: that he was the disbursing of the Yellow Dog Fund, an amount of money put up by the railroads in 1891, to prevent the Legislature of Virginia from passing bills injurious to their interests. The proof produced by Mr. Jones consisted of five letters written by a railroad official, several enclosing amounts to be applied "to the purpose stated" and all directing the men to whom they were written to seek interviews with Senator Martin. Mr. Martin strongly denies the charge claiming that the money referred to was used for Democratic campaign purposes. That this explanation is far from satisfactory even to followers of the Senior Senator who are open to conviction is best proved by the above quoted verdict from the News Leader, a journal which frankly owns its preference for Mr. Martin.

Certainly a study of the conditions existing in Virginia at the time these letters were written does not strengthen one belief in the correctness of Mr. Martin's statement. In the first place all of the letters were written to railroad officials or attorneys with one exception, which was to a member of the legislature, and directed those addressed to confer freely with Mr. Martin or in case of failure to locate him, with General Hill, Railroad Commissioner, showing the former's intimate connection with the interests. In the second place several of the letters were written after the general election was over at a time when the newly elected Legislature was about to convene and when the railroads were making a strenuous fight to defeat the Kent Bill, a measure meant to place them under the control of the State, which was defeated. They contain references like this, "Martin and I were impressed with the fair manner he (Ellyson) dealt with us."

Another instructs a railroad attorney to go to Richmond, look up Mr. Martin, "Rendering whatever assistance you can to Mr. Cardwell and our other friends," further on the same letter says, "Get Mr. Cardwell to assist Mr. Bendheim to a firm position on committees," a railroad magnate assisting the speaker of the House of Delegates, of Virginia in the appointment of committees is surely looking for something besides "White Supremacy." Thirdly there is a serious question of veracity between Mr. Jones and Mr. Martin. On Friday July 7th, at Lynchburg, Mr. Jones made the above mentioned charge and on Sunday Mr. Martin through the Times Dispatch characterized them as false and added, "No one can truthfully say that I have ever been retained to represent or in fact represented any interest for corporations or any body else before a legislative body." The following Monday, in a speech at Woodstock, Mr. Jones read the letter referred to above. Here we have a denial unsupported or opposed by an assertion backed by telling proofs.

We believe that Mr. Jones has proved undesirable connection between Mr. Martin and the railroad interests. The issue is before the people of Virginia and in their hands rests the verdict. We will only say by way of comment that "No man can serve two masters," certainly not two masters whose interests are so widely diverse as those of the corporate interests and of the people of Virginia.

Defends Gen. Lee

Rev. Giles B. Cooke Defends Honor of His Chief. Interview with Heyburn

Editor of the Journal—

Having had the honor of being a member of Gen. R. E. Lee's military family for a while during the great war, I was naturally indignant with Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, for charging General Lee with dishonesty in one of his speeches before the United States Senate. Happening to be in the Senate gallery on the 16th of last May it occurred to me to seek an interview with Senator Heyburn concerning this charge. The interview took place in the Senate audience room. After politely greeting the Senator I said to him, "Senator, I was once a man of war, now as a minister—a man of peace—I come to ask you a question. The newspapers reported you as having, in one of your speeches made before the Senate some time ago, charged Gen. R. E. Lee with drawing and accepting his salary, after having resigned his commission as Colonel in the U. S. Army. If the newspapers have quoted you correctly will you tell me where, or from whom you got the information to sustain such a charge?" The Senator replied quite calmly, "You will find my speech relating to this matter in the Congressional Record and I stand by it." "Senator," I said, "your answer is not to the point. What I would like to know is, upon what authority did you make this charge?" He replied—and I thought he seemed to be somewhat excited, "I see that you are trying to draw me into a discussion of this matter. I have no respect for General Lee, and I am no rebel." He then left me abruptly and went into the Senate Chamber. During this interview with Senator Heyburn, although he was so discourteous, as not to vouchsafe a satisfactory answer to a civil question, I was not conscious of being, in word or manner, as a Christian minister, disrespectful to the Senator. As I have been unable after repeated efforts, to secure a copy of the Senator's speech in which the charge of dishonesty is made, I have in this article had to trust to my memory as to the exact words of the charge. If, however, during the interview, I had misquoted the Senator, I suppose, he would have corrected me. As to General Lee's honesty, I don't suppose there is a human being who ever knew or heard of the General except Senator Heyburn, and the like of him, could believe it possible that this great and good man (one of the most devout Christians I ever knew) would be guilty of a dishonest act.

Giles B. Cooke.

Announcement

To the Voters of Mathews Co.

I hereby declare myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer. If you believe that I will make an efficient public officer the casting of your ballot for me will be appreciated.

Respectfully
W. E. Marchant

Cricket Hill, July 25, 1911.

Deaths

MRS. ELIZABETH MAGETT

Mrs. Elizabeth Maggett, wife of Mr. Charles Maggett, of Halliford died at her home on Sunday evening. The funeral services were preached at the home on Tuesday evening by T. W. Odgen and the remains laid to rest in the family burying ground.

Mrs. Maggett was a member of the Baptist Church and a consistent Christian. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fudgins. A husband and two little girls survive her.

MRS. THOMAS HUDGINS

Heart failure is the reported cause of the death of Mrs. Thomas Hudgins, a very good old lady of Hookemire, Mrs. Hudgins had been very ill for five weeks before her death on Wednesday at 9 o'clock a. m. She was 82 years old and is survived by her husband and six children. The funeral services will be conducted at the home by the Rev. George Gowen, on Friday at 3.30 p. m. and the remains of this dear lady buried there. The Journal extends its sympathy to the bereaved husband, children and friends.

MRS. B. A. MILLER

News reached us this morning just before going to press of the sudden death of Mrs. B. A. Miller, of Cobb's Creek, who was stricken down by heart disease late last night. No other particulars could be learned at this hour.

Glass and Lee Dispute

Claiming that a biased report of Mr. Glass, speech at Lancaster C. H., last week was sent to the daily papers by a republican and that the telephone exchange closed in order to keep a fairer account from being sent, the Virginia Citizen gives the following account of the meeting.

Advertised by his bureau of publicity to speak on Monday in Southampton, Mr. Glass was switched off here, and the six counties were beat for recruits. They got 'em and something more beside. ** When he got to the South Boston News we began to fear our finish. He touched on our paper lightly, and was going to leave the subject in a way that sentiment was divided whether we should answer or not. Charging that the subsidized press and the papers supporting the machine were dishonest in publishing only one side, "we" called him to task. Then imported rooters set up a terrible howl when "we" arose. Our Lancastrians yelled defiance at them. Standing on a bench in front of Glass "we" demanded that he be fair and give a hearing. He asked the crowd to let us be heard, but "we" had told them it was our county and court, and if we did not speak there should be no more before midnight. After that we had the audience and all the floor we wanted. He went talking about the South Boston News. Again he took it out on poor Beasley as he floundered. ** But he did finally reach appropriations of the Swanson administration, and as he did so we got closer to the front. He was a long time reaching the Commission of Fisheries, and when he did you would have marvelled at how lightly he touched it. We could take no umbrage at it, for he qualified it by saying that he did not blame Mr. Lee, but did blame Swanson for violating his oath of office by not vetoing the bill. Then, in a death like stillness we read the list of increases of salaries that he (Glass) voted for in his last session in the Senate—among these the increase of clerk of railroad commission from \$1,200, to \$1,800, and charged that he supported this increase because the man was from Lynchburg. All his answer was to the effect that he did not remember the items. He barked back to Swanson's depleting the treasury, and again we asked him if he did not advise him in 1907 to use the million dollars in the treasury for expenditures for the people's good, and that if he denied it was there not an editorial from his paper in 1907 to that effect? He then said this was his meeting and he would allow no further interruption. Derivative cheers from our side drowned everything, and it was our turn to appeal for a hearing for him, adding that so long as he attacked us personally we would have to answer.

Announcement

July 24th, 1911.

To the voters of Mathews Co:—

I appreciate the support given me in the past for Treasurer. If my views expressed below meet with your approval, vote for me for Treasurer. I am in favor of cutting down the county levy to 20c. on the \$100.00. All surplus money belonging to the county should be put in Bank at interest for the county. All capitation taxes should if possible be collected and a list made out of those who do not pay and posted side by side with those who do pay, so all can see who gets the benefit of our schools without paying their capitation tax. The treasurers should not be allowed a percentage for dispersing school funds; he gets nothing for paying our county funds, why school? I don't like the Underwood plank put in the Democratic Constitution for the benefit of the Treasurer's Trust. Our State has suffered too much along this line. I stand upon the temperance plank. "I believe in taxes for revenue only," and in the Democratic principal, of equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

Should I be elected as Treasurer I will discharge the duties of the office faithfully and will not be a candidate for the same office a second time.

Yours most respectfully
N. E. Miller.

Marriages

STARR-OWENS

Mr. Allen W. Starr, of Baltimore, and Miss Annie Owens, the attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Owens, of Diggs, were married yesterday evening at the home of the brides parents. Rev. L. J. Phaup performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Owens of Berkeley with whom Miss Owens has resided for the past six years came up to attend the wedding. The bridal party left on today's boat for their bridal tour.

SEE THE W. B. REDUSO



AT
Jarvis & Pugh's
DEPARTMENT STORE
Mathews, Va.

NOTICES

THE OLD BAY LINE

THE BALTIMORE

Steam Pack Co.

U. S. MAIL STEAMERS
Equipped with Wireless Telegraphy
FINEST STEAMERS SOUTH OF

NEW YORK

—THE—

Steamers Florida, Virginia or Alabama

Leave Old Point Comfort, Daily and

Sunday, at 7.30 P. M.,

For Baltimore, arriving in Baltimore

at 7.00 A. M.

Through tickets for sale on boat the Old Do Union Steamship Company's steamers from landings in Mathews and Gloucester Counties to Baltimore.

Fare... \$3.35

Returning steamers leave Baltimore from Light Street Wharf, foot of Barr street, daily except Sunday, at 6.30 P. M. for Old Point Comfort, Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., connecting a Old Point Comfort (except on Sunday) for landings in Mathews and Gloucester Counties.
State-rooms from 75c to \$2.50. meals a la carte.
Free berths on board. Salt and fresh water baths.
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Side lights, Bow lights, Life Preservers, Fog bells, Fog horns Whistles, lower price than elsewhere

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Rope, Galvanized Anchor and Grapnels, Potent Block and tackle, Galvanized blocks, Screw buckles, Wheels, screw eyes, etc. Brass hinges and hasps, Galvanized mast hoops, Lag screws, galvanized and bronze, Ship Chandlery a specialty.

B. Williams & Co
Williams Wharf, Va.

Solves A Deep Mystery

"I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart," wrote C. B. Rader, of Lewisburg, W. Va., "for the wonderful double benefit I got from Electric Bitters, in curing me of both a severe case of stomach trouble and of rheumatism, from which I had been an almost helpless sufferer for ten years. It suited my case as though made just for me." For dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice and to rid the system of kidney poisons that cause rheumatism, Electric Bitters has no equal. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50c at all druggists.

A Free Scholarship

Any young man or woman who is a bona fide patron of this paper may secure free instruction in Music or Elocution.

The Ithaca Conservatory of Music, with the desire to stimulate the study of these arts, offer two Scholarships to applicants from the State of Virginia, valued at \$100 each, and good for the term of twenty weeks beginning with the opening of the school year, September 14th, 1911, in any of the following departments:—Voice, Violin, Piano and Elocution.

These scholarships are awarded upon competition which is open to anyone desiring a musical or literal education. Anyone wishing to enter the competition or desiring information should write to Mr. George C. Williams, General Manager, of the Ithaca Conservatory of Music, Ithaca, N. Y., before September 1, 1911.

For summer diarrhoea in children always give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and castor oil, and a speedy cure is certain. For sale by all dealers.

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